

Answers Paraphrasing

Task 01

Number 6 above combines more than one paraphrasing strategies. What are they?

2. re-sequence ideas; 5. exchange active / passive voice; 6. add or omit any examples or descriptions

Task 02

Try to match the following pairs of examples of paraphrasing with the seven actions above and state if the paraphrase is AE (academic English) or GE (general English). Is it a good paraphrase? Try to give reasons for your answer.

A1. & A2.

A1 gives more precise information: A2 uses “siblings” and “kicking a ball” which are less precise and formal. **I think A1. is more academic.**

B1. & B2.

B2. presents support for the position stated, the reference, but B.1 uses “and so on” a generalisation, and “all of them” which does not show academic caution. **I think B2. is more academic.**

C1. & C2.

This is more difficult to judge. C1. Is just a quotation but C2. comments on the data (stringent measures) and indicates revision. **This suggests C2. is more academic.**

D1. & D2.

D2. suspends free milk in schools but it is “the provision of free school milk” that is suspended. The school milk is not hanging somewhere. **D2. is unequivocally wrong.**